

$$X \sim N(200, 25^2) \quad \left\{ \text{note how } 625 \text{ is written as } 25^2 \right\}$$

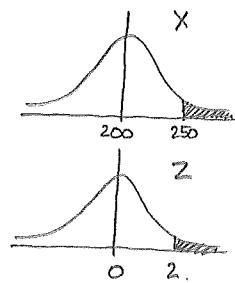
$$\text{a) } P(X > 250) = P(Z > \frac{250 - 200}{25})$$

$$= P(Z > \frac{50}{25})$$

$$= P(Z > 2)$$

$$= 0.02275\dots$$

$$\approx 0.0228 \text{ (4dp)}$$

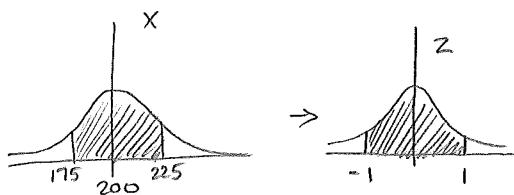


$$\text{b) } P(175 < X < 225) = P\left(\frac{175 - 200}{25} < Z < \frac{225 - 200}{25}\right)$$

$$= P(-1 < Z < 1)$$

$$= 0.682689\dots$$

$$\approx 0.6827 \text{ (4dp)}$$

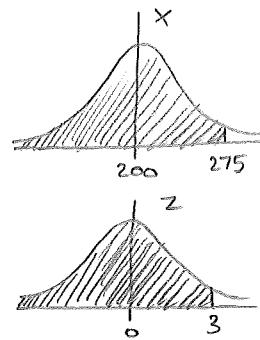


$$\text{c) } P(X < 275) = P(Z < \frac{275 - 200}{25})$$

$$= P(Z < 3)$$

$$= 0.99865\dots \quad \text{from normcdf}(-9E99, 3)$$

$$\approx 0.9987 \text{ (4dp)}$$



Ex 8C no. 2

$$X \sim N(6, 2^2)$$

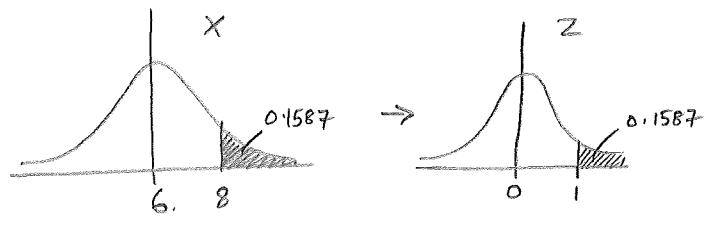
$$\text{a) } P(X > 8) = P\left(Z > \frac{8-6}{2}\right)$$

$$= P\left(Z > \frac{2}{2}\right)$$

$$= P(Z > 1)$$

$$\approx 0.158655\dots$$

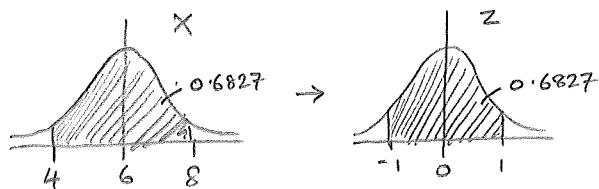
$$\approx 0.1587 \quad (4dp)$$



$$\text{b) } P(4 < X < 8) = P\left(\frac{4-6}{2} < Z < \frac{8-6}{2}\right)$$

$$= P(-1 < Z < 1)$$

$$\approx 0.6827 \quad (4dp)$$

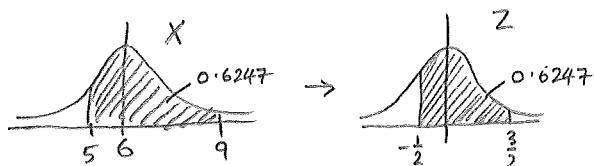


$$\text{c) } P(5 < X < 9) = P\left(\frac{5-6}{2} < Z < \frac{9-6}{2}\right)$$

$$= P\left(-\frac{1}{2} < Z < \frac{3}{2}\right)$$

$$\approx 0.624655\dots$$

$$\approx 0.6247 \quad (4dp) \quad \text{from normCdf}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}\right).$$



Ex 8C no. 3.

$$X \sim N(-10, 6^2)$$

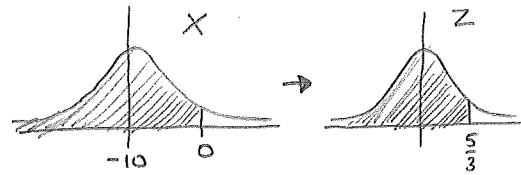
$$a) P(X < 0) = P\left(Z < \frac{0 - (-10)}{6}\right)$$

$$= P\left(Z < \frac{5}{3}\right)$$

$$\approx 0.95221\dots$$

from norm Cdf  $(-9.99, \frac{5}{3})$

$$\approx 0.9522 \text{ (4dp)}$$



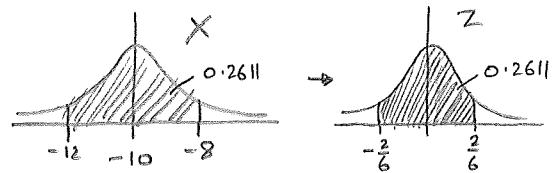
$$b) P(-12 < X < -8) = P\left(\frac{-12 - (-10)}{6} < Z < \frac{-8 - (-10)}{6}\right)$$

$$= P\left(-\frac{2}{6} < Z < \frac{2}{6}\right)$$

$$\approx 0.261117\dots$$

$$\approx 0.2611 \text{ (4dp)}$$

[Answers at back are incorrect]

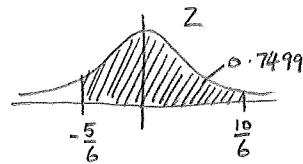
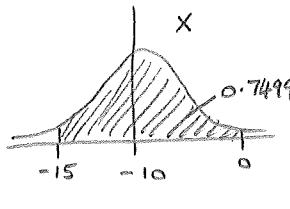


$$c) P(-15 < X < 0) = P\left(\frac{-15 - (-10)}{6} < Z < \frac{0 - (-10)}{6}\right)$$

$$= P\left(-\frac{5}{6} < Z < \frac{10}{6}\right)$$

$$= 0.749881\dots$$

$$\approx 0.7499 \text{ (4dp)}$$



Ex 8C no.4

$X$  = life of components in hours.

$$X \sim N(2400, 300^2)$$

$$P(X > 3000) = P\left(Z > \frac{3000 - 2400}{300}\right)$$

$$= P(Z > 2)$$

$$= 0.02275\dots \text{ from norm Cdf}(2, 9E99)$$

$$\approx \underline{\underline{0.0228}} \quad (4dp)$$

(i.e. it is unlikely that the personal stereo will still be working in 3 years' time, if you listen to it for 2h45m every day!)

Ex 8C no. 5.

$X$  = maximum flow of river in Africa, in  $\text{m}^3/\text{s}$ .

$$X \sim N(6300, 1900^2)$$

$$\begin{aligned} P(\text{banks burst}) &= P(X > 8700) \\ &= P\left(Z > \frac{8700 - 6300}{1900}\right) \\ &= P\left(Z > \frac{2400}{1900}\right) \\ &= P\left(Z > \frac{24}{19}\right) \\ &\approx 0.103266\dots \\ &\approx \underline{\underline{0.1033}} \quad (4\text{dp}) \end{aligned}$$

### Ex 8C no. 6

$X = \text{IQ score}$

$$X \sim N(100, 15^2)$$

$$\begin{aligned} P(\text{join Mensa}) &= P(X > 138) \\ &= P\left(Z > \frac{138-100}{15}\right) \\ &= P\left(Z > \frac{38}{15}\right) \\ &\approx 0.005649\dots \\ &\approx \underline{0.56\%} \text{ of the population} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P(\text{gifted}) &= P(X > 150) \\ &= P\left(Z > \frac{150-100}{15}\right) \\ &= P\left(Z > \frac{50}{15}\right) \\ &= 0.000429\dots \end{aligned}$$

Let  $G = \text{no. gifted students in a school of 1800}$

$$G \sim B(1800, 0.000429)$$

$$E(G) = 1800 \times 0.000429$$

$$\approx 0.77241$$

so we would expect either 0 or 1 student in the school to be gifted.

Ex 8 C no. 7

$X$  = rainfall, in mm

$$X \sim N(850, 100^2)$$

$$P(X > 1000) = P(Z > \frac{1000 - 850}{100})$$

$$= P(Z > \frac{150}{100})$$

$$= P(Z > 1.5)$$

$$= 0.066807\dots$$

$$\approx 0.0668 \text{ (4dp)}$$

Ex 8C no. 8.

$X$  = verbal reasoning scores

$$X \sim N(98.42, 15.31^2)$$

$$\begin{aligned} P(\text{need help}) &= P(X < 80) \\ &= P\left(Z < \frac{80 - 98.42}{15.31}\right) \\ &= P(Z < -1.20314) \\ &\approx 0.114462\dots \\ &\approx 11.4\% \quad (\text{3sf}) \end{aligned}$$